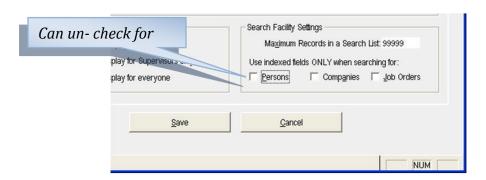
WinSearch Database Cleanup

Using Searches

Searches can be used to find records based on **date** information, such as records not updated since 2006.

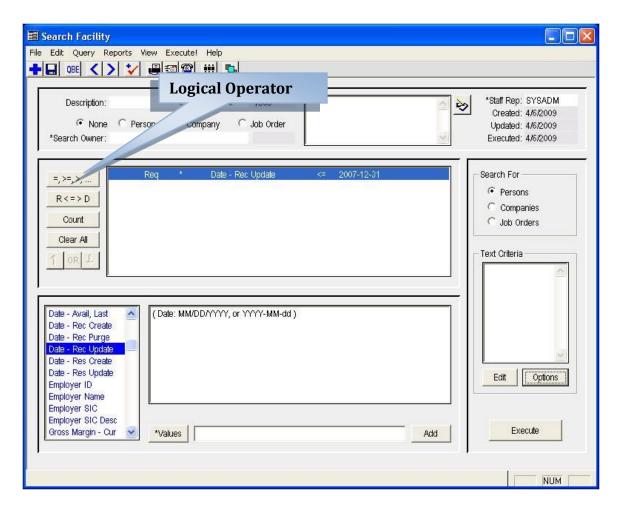
Searching on Date Ranges

- Begin a new Search for Persons
- Select Date Range Type to search on**
 - **Full list of Date Range options will NOT be available if Indexed Fields option is checked in Search Facility Settings
 - □ Check or change this option by going to SETTINGS → SYSADM OPTIONS → MISCELLANEOUS OPTIONS



Example: Records not updated since 2007

- Select Date Rec Update
- Enter the date for the beginning of the period you want as your end point
 - $^{\square}$ 12/31/2007 this will encompass all of the year 2007
- Change the Value of the range using the LOGICAL OPERATOR button (=, >=, >, ...)
 or right-click the criterion and select SWAP OPERATOR from the popup menu to
 Less than or Equal to the date
 - Date Rec Update <= 2007-12-31
 - This will set the date range to include 2007 and anything prior
 - See figure below

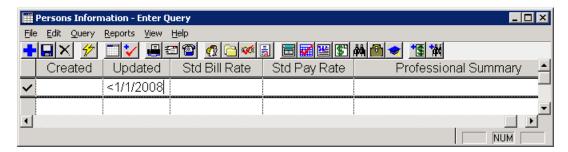


Using QBE

QBE can find records based on **date** information, such as records not updated since 2006.

Searching on Date Ranges

- Open a Persons table window (or form)
- Click the QBE button.
- Under Updated, put the date to use as in:



Click Execute to see the list

Working with Data

The next step to finding the outdated records is working with the data. This could be in the form of a call list, or email blast or call list.

Email Blast

 Send out an email blast to outdated candidate records, possibly to just touch base, verify correct contact information, or request a current version of their resume if it is outdated.

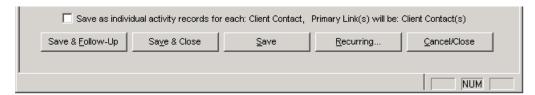
RSI Record Update

We are updating our records at RSI and wanted to be sure we had your current resume on file. Please send us a version of your current Resume if you wish to be considered for new job opportunities. If you do not wish to be contacted about new job opportunities, please let us know and we will remove you from our candidate list.

- Keep in mind, the recipient will see it with an "Its all about me" attitude.
- Only send 200 or less at a time
- Make sure to remove bouncing email addresses from your database.
- You would rather have them tell you "take me off your list" than flag you as a spammer.

Call List

- Set up activities to follow up and call the candidates/managers.
- Highlight the selected people and then create an activity with F9 or the Create
 Activity toolbar button (**/)
- Select the Save as Individual activity records ... before choosing a Save button



- You may need to remove companies by right-clicking the links and choosing Remove Companies From List
- If people include both candidates and hiring managers, set up separate activities for them.

Deleting People, Companies, and Job Orders

Deleting them requires selecting them and telling WinSearch to delete them. Deleting them from a Search List or Saved List only removes them from the list, they are still in the database.

To delete a person in a table menu:

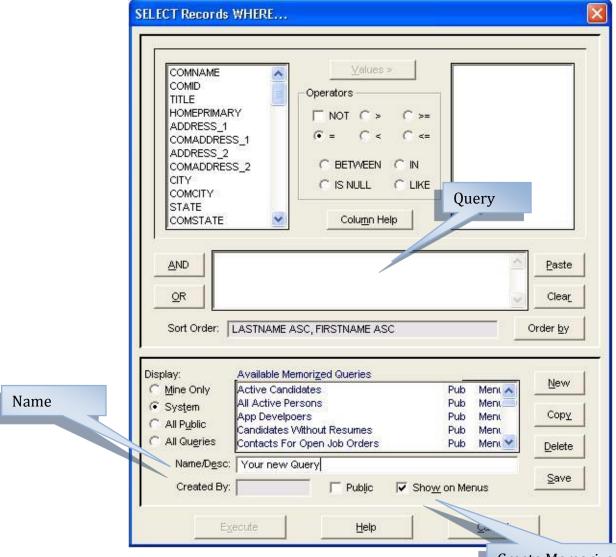
- Bring up person in the table window
- Mark with an X toolbar button or Delete key
- Delete directly
- Using Status for flagging which people to delete.

Using Queries to Identify Cleanup Needs

Advanced SQL Queries can be used to find records that may be missing information, such as phone numbers or email addresses. They can also help to easily locate duplicate records.

Records with Missing Information

 Begin an Advanced SQL query by launching the Query Menu in a Persons form or table then choosing the Advanced SQL Query command



Create Memorized Keiationai Systems, Inc.

- Create a new SQL Query and copy and paste the scripts below into the query box
- You can **Save** and **name** these if you like to be used again or to show up in Menus as **Memorized Queries**

Missing information

Records with no Phone number

ID not in (select id from phonenumbers where entitytype='\$PER\$')

Records with no Email Address

ID not in (select id from emailaddresses)

People with Bad Email Addresses

id in (select id from emailaddresses where charindex('@', emailaddress)=0 or charindex('@', emailaddress)=0 or charindex('.', emailaddress)=0 or charindex('<', emailaddress)>0 or charindex('>', emailaddress)>0 or charindex('', emailaddress)>0 or right(emailaddress,1)='.' or right(emailaddress,1)='-')

No phone number and no email address

Id not in (select id from phonenumbers where entitytype='\$PER\$') and id not in (select id from emailaddresses)

Resumes & Imported Documents

Candidates without Imported Documents

id not in (select id from impfile where enttype='\$PER\$')

Candidates without Resumes

(category=2 or category=3 or category=4) and id not in (select id from restext)

People with Blank Resumes

id in (select id from restext where @LENGTH(restext)<10)

People with resumes documents but no WSResume document

id not in (select id from restext) and id in (select id from impfile where enttype='\$PER\$')

No Recent Activity

Not updated within a Year Based on Activity

Update_date<=@SYSDATE-365 and id not in (select entid from act_entities, activities where actid=id and enttype in ('\$PER\$', '\$CNT\$') and apptdate>=@SYSDATE-365)

Duplicate Records

You can also use Advanced SQL Queries to find Duplicate records in your database. Once these records are found, add them to a **Saved List** to Review & then Merge or Delete.

People

Potential duplicate people:

Firstname+lastname in (select firstname+lastname from persons group by firstname+lastname having count(firstname+lastname)>1)

People with duplicate email addresses:

Id in (select id from emailaddresses where emailaddress in (select emailaddress from emailaddresses group by emailaddress having count(emailaddress)>1))

Companies

Potential Duplicate Companies:

name in (select name from company group by name having count(name)>1)

Companies without people working at them:

id not in (select comid from persons)

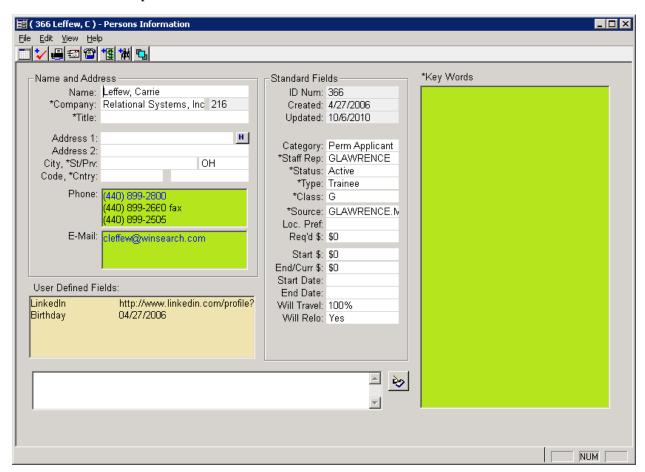
Merging Duplicates

Merging Duplicate People

Once duplicate records have been located they can be merged, however it is important to identify a **Target Record** before beginning the merge

- Your Target Record will be the "Master Record" for this merge. The other duplicate record will be deleted
 - Target Record retains the values for all of the entries you see in the persons form, supplemental data, and demographic data with the exceptions of phone numbers, email addresses, key words and userdefined fields
 - This may mean looking at the notes of both versions of the person you are merging to verify that the one you will retain contains all notes you want to keep.

- If you do not have the ability to Delete Records, you do NOT have the ability to Merge
- The Merge process is available through the EDIT | MERGE WITH ANOTHER RECORD command.
 - This command is available only from a Persons Form Window
 - You cannot merge starting from a Table Window or a Form Window opened from a table.



Green Entries merge - Don't worry about these

Yellow entries often merge – Only worry if the same UDF is in both people.

Merging a Persons Record

- Bring up the Target Record (person that you want to keep) in a Form Window
 - This must be a form window with the full set of toolbar buttons and not a form window opened from a table window
- Select Edit | Merge With Another Record
 - WinSearch displays a message alerting you that this command merges another person into the currently selected one – Select OK

- Use QBE to bring up the duplicate person that you want merged into the table window (Tip – Query by IDNUMBER)
- With the Duplicate Person selected in the Table Window, double click the row header or choose the Select Command
 - Verify the correct people are shown because if you merge the wrong ones, you cannot get them back!
- Select OK and complete Merge

Merging Drop-Down List Entries

Entries such as Titles have drop-down lists containing those entries set up for your database. You may need to periodically merge some entries.

To help you Understand, here is what happens when you merge the job title Cat Herder into the job title Zoo Director.

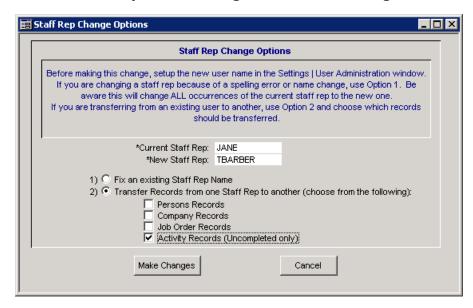
Start Off With **Job Title List includes:** Cat Herder Cat Herder Zoo Director Zoo Director Delete Zoo Director entry (<u>:</u>) Job Title List includes: Cat Herder Cat Herder Zoo Director Rename Cat Herder to Zoo Director **Job Title List includes:** ☺ \odot Zoo Director Zoo Director Zoo Director

The steps you perform are:

- Bring up the Job Title list with the LISTS → PERSONS LISTS → JOB/POSITION TITLES command.
- Highlight Zoo Directory and click X button.
- Choose the **FILE** → **DELETE** command and OK to the confirmation prompt.
- Highlight Cat Herder
- Type Zoo Director
- Choose the FILE → SAVE command and Yes to the prompt of renaming the existing entries.

Transferring Data Between Staff Reps

When staffing changes, you will need to periodically re-assign whom is responsible for candidates, managers and incomplete activities. WinSearch helps automate this with the Staff Rep Administration feature. When you choose **Settings > SysAdm Options > Staff Rep Administration**, you see a dialog box like the following:



From this dialog box, you can choose the users and what type of staff rep transfer you want. #1 is often for when a name has been misspelled or someone's marriage status changes. #2 is for when staffing changes and you need to reassign people, companies, job orders and/or activities.

Remember: When you delete a user with **SETTINGS** → **USER ADMINISTRATION**, that user's name will continue to appear on the activities that they created and wherever that username was used and not swapped with another user as described above.